



Phonics: Suffixes -ed and -ing

Suffixes are letters added to the ends of words to make a new word.

-ed is often added to make a past tense verb (action word).

-ing is often added to make a present tense verb.

Examples: talk, talked, talking

A Complete the chart.

Verb	Past tense -ed suffix	Present tense -ing suffix
ask	asked	asking
call		
play		
shock		
stamp		

B Write the suffix -ed or -ing to complete the words.

1. We walk_____ home last night.
2. "Why are you cry_____?"
3. We wait_____ for the bus for ages.
4. I am help_____ to raise money for charity.
5. He flash_____ his torch around the dark room.



Sometimes words with the **suffixes -ed and -ing** are adjectives (describing words).

Examples: webbed, boiling

C Add the suffix -ed or -ing to complete the adjectives.

1. The weather is freez_____ today.
2. Eagles have hook_____ beaks.
3. We saw lots of amaz_____ animals at the zoo.
4. The party was really excit_____.
5. That was the most bor_____ film I've ever seen!



Write a sentence using **played** and a sentence using **playing**.